#### **Discussion of**

# "Initial Returns and Stock Market Re-Entry Decisions"

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### Contribution

- We can divide people into four categories:
  - 1. Never invests in individual stocks
  - 2. Begins investing in individual stocks and remains invested
  - 3. Begins investing in individual stocks but stops investing temporarily
  - 4. Begins investing in individual stocks but stops investing "permanently"
- Classic literature explains "stock market" participation (stocks and mutual funds) in terms of participation costs, risk aversion, etc.
- Newer literature shows default options influence participation and asset allocation decisions within retirement savings plans
- Newest literature studies impact of (plausibly exogenous) asset returns on asset allocation decisions → lower returns predict exit
- This paper studies re-entry decisions of 9,435 Finns, 1995-2003
   Main finding: Lower initial returns are also associated with less re-entry
   Interpretation: Initial returns overweighted ("Primacy effect")

### **Measuring Returns**

- Authors decompose investor returns during window with positive stock holdings into
  - Initial return = return in month 1
  - All return = average return during months 1-T
  - Recent return = return in month T
  - Primacy 
     Coef. on IniRet will be positive and significant
  - Recency → Coef. on RecRet will be positive and significant
- Table 4: Primacy matters for re-entry across specifications

	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4
VARIABLES	Re-entry			
IniRet	0.4881***	0.4754***	0.5325***	0.4056***
	(3.20)	(3.11)	(3.55)	(2.61)
AllRet	0.4409***	0.4155***	0.2519*	0.2415*
	(2.85)	(2.69)	(1.74)	(1.75)
RecRet	-0.2168***	-0.2045***	-0.1130	-0.1120
	(-2.77)	(-2.62)	(-1.54)	(-1.60)

## **Measuring Returns (2)**

#### Saliency?

- If I want immediate feedback on the my stock picking ability, why would I focus on the return during the first month?
- Why not the first day, week, or quarter? On the first statement?

#### Endogeneity?

- Initial returns plausibly exogenous in IPO lottery or when returns on default option largely driven by market returns
- In this setting, initial buy likely reflects (perceived) information
- Are investors learning about expected return on single stock, type of stock, or universe of stocks?
- What happens if authors define re-entry as buying any stock that was previously held (as opposed to buying any stock)?

#### Different Scales?

 Why are coefficients on market return ~30 times larger than on initial return?

### **Sample Selection**

- The authors understand they are studying a non-random sample of investors
  - Study 9,435 investors who first buy stock after their sample period begins... and sell all of the shares before the sample period ends
  - Criteria is likely to rule out anyone who attempts to construct a diversified portfolio...
  - ... unless person engages in an extreme form of market timing
- Authors' approach is to estimate Heckman correction term and add it to their logit specification
  - Instrument in selection equation is dummy variable indicating if investor inherited stock in past 12 months
  - How common is inheritance? Is it a weak instrument?
  - Minor: Could inheritance trigger re-entry?
  - Probably more efficient to estimate joint likelihood function (e.g., Dubin and Rivers (1989))

### **Policy Relevance**

- What is the underlying economic question?
  - Fraction of investors eligible for re-entry is small (9,435 / 97,539)
  - If insight is that some exit is temporary, authors could study how initial return impacts probability of any positive holdings after 12, 36, and 60 months? → refinement of existing literature
- Why stock holdings?
  - Authors: "several problems with mutual funds that may prevent investors from reaping the premiums offered by equity markets"
  - 71% of those who exit invest in a single stock → bad mutual fund can offer significant diversification benefit relative to single stock
- "Our findings highlight the particular relevance of financial literacy to increased stock market participation"
  - This is very interesting... but existing evidence is indirect
  - Include interactions with other proxies for literacy? With IQ?